साथियों सहित, हवाई जहाज से, उधमपुर से श्रीनगर ले जाने का प्रबंध किया गया इस पर हुए 1,32,716.00 रुपये के व्यय का भुगतान भारतीय जनता पार्टी द्वारा संबंधित अभिकरणों/संगठनों को कर दिया गया है।

Robberies and Dacoities in Delhi

1068. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of robbery and dacoity cases reported in Delhi during the years 1990 and 1991 and in January 1992; and

(b) the number of persons killed/wounded and value of property looted in each case?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI M. M. JACOB): (a) and (b) The number of cases of robbery and dacoity reported; the number of persons killed/wounded and the property looted during the year 1990, 1991 and in January, 1992 is as under:—

Year	Cases reported		Property stolen (in rupees)		Persons killed	Persons wounded
	Robbery	Dacoity	Robbery	Dacoity		
1990.	224	21	1,45,04,339	11,36,965	4	51
1991.	284	33	82,96,353	45,54,500	18	83
1992. . . . . (upto 31-1-92)	34	8	7,51,540	2,65,000	1	11

Workshop on Rural Industrialisation

1069. SHRI PRAGADA KOTAIAH: Will the Minister of PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS be pleased to state the names of the members of Parliament who were sponsored by his Ministry for participations in the workshop on rural industrialisation and employment generation Conducted from February 3-6-1992 at Hyderabad by the National Institute of Rural Development and the papers presented by them for consideration by the workshop?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): A list of Members of Parliament who participated in the Workshop is enclosed as statement (*See* below). According to the National Institute of Rural Development no Member of Parliament participating in the workshop presented any paper for consideration by the Workshop.

Statement

List of Members of Parliament who participated in the workshop on Rural Industrialisation and employment generation conducted by the National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad from 3rd to 6th February, 1992

LOK SABHA

1. Shri M. Krishnaswamy
2. Shri Probin Deka
3. Shri Peter G. Marbaniang
4. Dr. (Smt.) K. S. Soundaram
5. Shri P. C. Thomas
6. Shri Rajvir Singh
7. Shri Dwarka Nath Das
8. Shri Dileepbhai Sanghani
9. Shri Chhotey Singh Yadav
10. Dr. Asim Bala
11. Shri Sudhir Giri

12. Shri K. M. Madhukar
13. Shri B. Dharmabhiksham
14. Shri K. P. Reddaiah Yadav
15. Shri Ummareddy Venkateswarlu
16. Shri S. Gangadhar
17. Shri N. J. Rathava
18. Shri A. C. Das

RAJYA SABHA

1. Shri Bhubaneswar Kalita
2. Em. Alia Zuberi
3. Shri M. Palaniyandi
4. Prof. I. G. Sanadi
5. Shri S. P. Gautam
6. Dr. Y. Sivaji
7. Shri Shanti Tyagi
8. Shri Bhupinder Singh Mann
9. Shri R. T. Gopalan

Refuelling facility at Shimla Airport

1070. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that Shimla airport has no refuelling facility for aircrafts operating in that region;

(b) whether Government are aware that the refuelling facility at Shimla airport is likely to give a boost to tourism in the region; and

(c) if so, what are the details of steps being taken in this direction.

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) While such refuelling facilities may lead to increase in tourism, the economic viability and other considerations of implementing this will need to be kept in view.

Campaign for conservation of Oil

1071. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that inspite of campaigns to conserve oil in the country, the rate of consumption of petro-products is going up;

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor;

(c) the extent of saving effected in use of petro-products during the year 1991 as a result of the campaigns; and

(d) what further steps Government are contemplating in the year 1992 for curbing the use of petro-products in the country.

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND) (a) and (b) The growth in the consumption of petroleum products decreased to 1.7 per cent in 1990-91 from 8.1 per cent in 1989-90 as a result mainly of the measures adopted for demand management and conservation of petroleum products including campaigns for creating mass awareness.

(c) As awareness campaigns constitute one of the many measures taken to promote oil conservation and are of on-going nature, it is not feasible to workout savings achieved as a result of campaigns.

(d) It is proposed to intensify and diversify during the year 1992-93 the on-going oil conservation efforts including programmes for creating mass awareness, imparting education and training to the target groups of user, promoting adoption of measures for increasing the oil use efficiency of vehicles and equipment of various types, reducing wastages as well as wasteful use of petroleum products, stepping up R&D efforts, and promoting inter-fuel substitution etc.